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## Basic Spanish phrases for Greetings/Salutations.

English	Latin-American Spanish Phrases for Travelers	Pronunciation	Hindi Phonetics
Hello	Hola	O-la	ओ-ला
Good morning	Buenos días	bwe-nos-dee-yas	ब्वेनोस-दीयास
Good afternoon	buenas tardes	bwe-nas-tarr-des	बुएनास-तार्देस
Good night	Buenas noches	bwe-nas-no-ches	ब्वेनास-नोचेस
Thank you	Gracias	grah-sias	ग्रासियास
Thank you very much.	If someone has just given you directions when you were wondering why you went to South America, say, "muchas gracias."	moo-chaas grah-sias	मूचास-ग्रासियास
You are welcome.	De nada.	day-na-da	दे-नादा
Goodbye	Adiós	aa-dee-os	आदीयोस
See you!	Nos vemos	nos-ve-mos	नोस-वेमोस

That all goes well with you. You can say this when someone takes your leave. (You would win hearts with this one.)	Que te vaya bien	k-te-vayya-bien	के-ते-वाइया-बियन
I love this phrase. It means enjoy or get the full out of whatever you plan to do or wherever you are going. English or Hindi doesn't have a phrase for a similar intention, but Latinos use it often. The phrase syncs in with their live life and leave the worries behind attitude.	Que Disfrutes	k-dis-fru-tes	के-दिस-फ्रु-तेस

### Tip 1:

In Spanish, the h at the beginning of the word is silent.

### Tip 2:

The letter t is spoken very softly in Spanish, and its sound is similar to the sound of the letter (त) of Hindi. English doesn't have a similar sound, and English speakers can speak it as softly as they can to sound closer to Latinos.

## How to tell people that you don't know Spanish (apart from shaking your head).

English	Latin-American Spanish Phrases for Travelers	Pronunciation	Hindi Phonetics
I don't understand!	No entiendo.	no en-tee-enn-do	नो एन-ति-येंदो
I speak little Spanish. Little, little. (Almost everyone would say this about your Spanish.)	Hablo un poco de español or just say, poco-poco.	aab-lo oon po-ko de ehs-pah-nyol	आबलो-उन-पोको-दे-एस-पा-नयोल
Please, speak a little slower. (Most of the Latin Americans speak fast.)	Por favor, hable más lente	por-fah-bor, aab-le maas len-te	पोर-फाबोर, आब-ले मास लेन-ते
Can you say that again?	Puede repetir.	pue-de-repe-teer	पुए-देरे-पे-तीर
You speak Spanish? When someone asks you this, answer poco-poco.	Hablas español?	aab-las ehs-pah-nyol?	आब-लास एस-पा-नयोल?

Do you speak English? (informal)	Hablas inglés?	aab-las een- glehz?	आब-लास ईंग-लेज
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And of course, if nothing works, act clueless, which you are.

### Tip 3:

For the purpose of Spanish, most of the things are either male or female. The male version of a word is changed into the female version by adding an “a” to the end of the noun, the pronoun, and the adjective, mostly. So vegetariano becomes vegetariana, soup or sopa is female (in Latin America) hence the a at the end, et cetera. Even if you guess the gender wrong or speak incorrectly, you wouldn't make a blunder as you are still learning Spanish or have just started speaking it.

### Tip 4:

Even the articles change as per the gender and the singularity of the noun. So while "el" is for the male versions, "la" is for females. As a learner of the language or as a tourist who is just able to speak a few sentences, it is perfectly alright to miss the articles.

## Introduction/Introducing yourself.

English	Latin American Spanish Phrases for Travelers	Pronunciation	Hindi Phonetics
How are you?	cómo estás?	ko-mo es-taas	को-मो एस-तास
I am very good, thank you.	Muy bien, gracias	moo-ee bee-an, grah-sias	मुई-बियन, ग्रासियास
I am good. And you?	Estoy bien, y tú?	es-toy bee-an, eee tu?	एस-तोइ बियन, ई तू?
What is your name? (informal)	Cómo te llamas?	ko-mo te ya-mas?	कोमो - ते - जामास
What is your name? (formal)	Cómo se llama usted? or Cómo se llama would also work.	ko-mo say yaa- mas oos-tehd?	कोमो - से - जामास ऊस-तेद?
My name is _____: or say I am _____:	Mi nombre es _____ or Yo soy _____	mi nom-bray es __ or yo-soy	मि-नोम-ब्रे एस __ or जो सोई

It's a pleasure to meet you	Mucho gusto.	moo-cho goos-to	मूचो-गूसतो
Where are you from?	De donde eres?	dey-don-de-er-es	दे-दोन्दे एर-एस?
I come from __	(Yo) soy de __	soy-dey __	सोई दे __
Nationality.	Nacionalidad	naa-seeyo-naa-li-daad	ना-सीयो-ना-लि-दाद
How old are you?	Qué edad tienes? Or cuántos años tienes?	kay ay-daad tee-yen-es? Or kwan-tos aan-yos tee-yen-es?	के-एदाद ति-येन-एस? Or क्वांतोस आनयोस ति-येन-एस?
I am __ years old.	Yo tengo __ años	yo ten-go __ aan-yos	जो तेन-गो __ आन-योस।
Do you have brothers or sisters?	Tienes hermanos o hermanas?	tee-yen-es er-maa-nos o er-maa-nas?	ति-येन-एस अरमानोस ओ अरमानास?
Where do you live? ( In case someone asks you or you want to ask someone)	Dónde vives? OR Donde te quedas?	don-dey vee-ves? Or don-dey te kay-daas?	दोन-दे वी-वेस? Or दोन-दे ते के-दास?
What is your address? In case you want to visit someone later or if you call the hotel for directions.	Cual es su direcciones? or just say su direcciones.	ku-aal es soo di-rek-sio-nes?	कु-आल एस सु दि-रेक-सीयो-नेस?
I Live in ____	En ____	en __	एन __

### Tip 5:

Don't get confused between *soy* and *estoy* — *soy* is the more permanent form of I am, such as *soy un hombre*(I am a man), *soy vegetariano*(I am vegetarian), *soy de la India*( I am from India). *Estoy* is a more temporary form of I and signifies your current mood or action. Such as *Estoy enfermo*(I am sick), *Estoy cansado*(I am tired).

### Tip 6:

You can ignore the I or "Yo" while speaking. In Spanish, every verb changes as per the person and gender and singularity. So the noun is redundant in informal conversations, and most of the people I talked to in South America didn't say "Yo."

## Tip 7:

You can refer to the other person with a "tú" or an "usted". Tú is for people of your age or for informal conversations amongst friends and people you meet. But if you want to show respect, use usted. Of course, as you are new no-one would mind if you refer them with tú all the time. But if you are at a more advanced level, you should use both the forms. For the purpose of this article, I use tú whenever the second person comes into the picture.

## Questions.

English	Latin-American Spanish Phrases for Travelers	Pronunciation	Hindi Phonetics
Who?	Quién	kee-yen?	की-एन?
What?	Qué?	kay?	के?
Where is ___?	Dónde está ___?	don-de es-ta?	दोन-दे एस-ता?
When?	Cuándo?	koo-aan-do?	क्वान-दो?
When/what time?	A qué hora?	a kay oraa?	आ-के-ओरा?
Why?	Por qué?	por kay?	पोर-के?
How?	Cómo?	ko-mo?	को-मो?
How much?	Cuánto?	koo-aan-to?	कुआंतो?
How much does it cost?	Cuánto cuesta ___?	koo-aan-to kwes- taa?	कुआंतो कवेस्ता?
How many?	Cuántos?	koo-aan-tos?	कुआंतोस?
How often?	Cada cuánto?	kaa-daa—koo- aan-to?	का-दा कुआंतो?
How long?	Por cuánto tiempo?	Por koo-aan-to tee-yem-po?	पोर कुआंतो ती-येम-पो?
What is this?	Qué es esto?	kay es es-toh?	के एस एसतो?

## Tip 8:

I don't like *-no me gusta*. South Americans are expressive, and you would notice them talking about their likes and dislikes often. While traveling in Latin America, even you would feel like speaking about your choices frequently. Then you can use this phrase in abundance. And if Latinos say that they don't like something, respect that. For if you say that you don't like or adore a particular thing or food, they would remember it.

**Tip 9:**

As I said above, the verb form changes with the person, gender, and plurality of the noun. If the correct verb form is written in the sentence, you can understand how many people( or more), which person(1st,2nd, or 3rd), and which gender is doing the action. Except when the noun is made up of a mixed group in which case the male verb form is applicable.

**Tip 10:**

The verb for I want is "querer." So you can say, "Yo quiero(verb form for I) un te." I want one tea. You will need to say *quiero* many times, so please remember it.

**Food and Drinks. Basic Spanish phrases to use at a restaurant.**

<b>English</b>	<b>Latin-American Spanish Phrases for Travelers</b>	<b>Pronunciation</b>	<b>Hindi Phonetics</b>
One table for 2 please.	una mesa para dos, por favor.	oona-me-ja paara dos, por faa-bor	ऊना मेज़ा पारा दोस्, पोर-फाबोर
Do you have a menu?	Tiene un menú / carta?	tee-yen-ay oon menu/ caar-ta?	ति-येन-ए उन मेनू/ कारता?
To share	Para compartir	pa-ra com-paar-tir	पा-रा कोम-पार-तीर
Food	Comida	ko-mee-dah	को-मी-दा
A drink, please.	una bebida, por favor	oo-na beh-bee-da	ऊना बे-बी-दा
A beer or two beer, please.	Una cerveza/ dos cervezas, por favor.	oo-na sir-ve-ja/dos sir-ve-jaas, por faa-bor	ऊना सर्वेज़ा, दोस् सर्वेज़ास, पोर फाबोर
A glass of red or white wine	un vino tinto/ blanco.	oon vee-no tin-toh / blan-koh	उन वीनो तिनतो/ ब्लान-को
Water	agua	aa-gwaah	आ-गुआह
coffee/tea	un café/una te	oon ka-fay/oona tay	उन का-फ़े/ऊना ते
Coffee with milk, please	Café con leche por favor	ka-fay con lay-lay-chay por-faa-bor	का-फ़े क़ोन लेचे, पोर फाबोर

Do you have something vegetarian to eat? Or do you have something without meat?	Tienes comida vegetariana? o tienes algo sin carne?	tee-yen-es ko-mee-da ve-he-ta-ree-ya-na? Or tee-yen-es aal-go syn car-nay	ति-येन-एस कोमिदा वे-हे-ता-री-याना? or आल-गो सिन कारने?
I am vegetarian.	(Yo) soy Vegetariano.	soy ve-he-ta-ree-aa-no	सो-ए वे-हे-ता-रि-या-नो
I have an allergy to nuts	Tengo alergia a las nueces	Ten-go al-er-khee-ah a las noo-eh-ses	तेंगो ऐल-एर-खी-आह आ लोस नुए-सेस
breakfast	Desayuno	des-aa-you-no	दे-सा-यू-नो
Lunch	Almuerzo	al-moor-zo	अल-मुअर-जो
Dinner	la cena	la say-na	ला से-ना
Supper or a light and earlier version of dinner which might completely replace dinner.	Once	on-say	ओन-से
soup	una sopa	oo-na so-paa	ऊ-ना सो-पा
salad	una ensalada	oo-na en-sa-la-da	ऊना एन-से-ला-दा
an appetizer	una entrada	oo-na en-tra-da	ऊना एँत्रा-दा
a main dish	un plato principal	oon pla-to prin-see-pal	उन प्लातो-प्रिंसीपाल
a dessert	un postre	oon pos-tray	उन पोस्त्रे
The meat (beef) - If nothing else is mentioned, carne is beef in South America.	la carne or Carne de vaca	la car-nay Or car-nay de vaa-cao	ला कारने Or कारने-दे-वाका
chicken	el pollo	el poy-oh	एल पोय्यो
Fish	el-pescado	el pes-kaado	एल पेस-कादो
Eggs	Huevos	huay-voz	हुए-वोज़
Cheese	Queso	kay-so	कै-सों
Bread	El pan	el paan	एल-पान
Rice	Arroz	are-roz	आर-रोज़
Enjoy (bon Appetite)	Buen Provecho	boo-en pro-vay-cho	बुएन प्रोवेचो
It was really tasty.	Estuvo muy rico.	es-tu-vo moo-yee ree-ko	एस-तू-वो मूयी री-को
Where is the bathroom?	Dónde está el baño?	don-day es-tah el baan-yo	दोन-दे एस-ताह एल बाण-यो

The bill, please	La cuenta, por favor.	la coen-tah por-faabor	ला कुँँता, पोर फाबोर
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**Tip 11:**

South Americans roll the tongue while speaking r. But that is not true always. Let us skip the rolling r rule for this document. Maybe I will cover it later in another advanced set of rules.

**Tip 12:**

Latinos pronounce the v as b sometimes. And if you live there enough, you would also start saying it the same way.

**Tip 13:**

Saying the full sentence or the entire question/phrase would be difficult in the beginning. You can just say the main nouns and people would understand. For example, instead of saying can you take a photo, just say one photo, please.

**Tip 14:**

In Spanish, j is pronounced as h. So this would be tar-heta. This might help you at metro and bus stations.

**Tip 15:**

"Puedo" means can. Use generously. I can "becomes "Yo puedo" or simply "puedo." Remember that you can delete the "yo."

**Tip 16:**

In Spanish, you don't say I am these many years old or I am sick. You say I have these many years or I have sickness. So you use the verb *tener* (to have) to show the possession. The I form of the verb is *Tengo*. Remember this one.



## Miscellaneous But Absolutely Essential Spanish Phrases.

English	Latin-American Spanish Phrase for Travelers	Pronunciation	Hindi Phonetics
Yes	Sí	see	सी
No	No	no	नो
Please	Por favor	por-fah-bor	पोर-फाबोर
Excuse me (getting attention)	Disculpe	dees-cool-peh	दिज-कुल-पे
Excuse me (begging pardon)	Perdón	perr-don	पेर्-दोन
I'm sorry	Lo siento/ perdón	lo see-yen-toh/ perr-don	लो-सीयेंतो/ पेर्-दोन
Toilet/Bathrooms:	Servicios /Baños	baan-nyos	बाण-न्योस
Men	Hombres / Caballeros	om-brays/ ka-bah-yeh-roz	ओमब्रेस- क्राबाजेरोस
women	Mujeres	moo-heh-rehs	मुहेरेस
How to say something in Spanish? You can hold a cheese slice in your hand and say this phrase and they would tell you what is the Spanish word.	Como se dice eso _____ en español?	ko-mo say-dee-say en ehs-paa-nyol?	कोमो से दिसे एन एसपानयो ल?
Me too or also/ the same	también / lo mismo	taam-bee-yen/ lo meez-mo	ताम-बी-एन/ लो मीसमो
neither	tampoco	taam-poko	ताम-पोको
Much.	Mucho	moo-choh	मूचो

This is way of saying excuse me. Even after weeks of returning back to India, I kept saying permiso. You can say this while leaving a dinner table to get water, or while leaving altogether, you can say this if you want to move and the people are not getting out of your way, you can say this if you want to keep a glass near the sink but someone is hell bent on washing all the utensils.	Permiso	per-mee-so	परमिसो
Always	Siempre	see-ehm-prey	सीएम्प्रे
Never	Nunca	noon-kah	नुन-का
Do you understand?	Entiende ?	en-tee-en-day	एन-तीयेन-दे?
Card.	Tarjeta	tar-he-tah	तार-हेता
Can I pay?	Puedo pagar?	pweh-doh pa-gaar	पुएदो पगार?
Email.	Correo electrónico	koreo elek-tro-neeco	कोरियो इलेक-त्रो-नीको
I am hungry.	Tengo Hambre	ten-go aam-brey	तेन-गो आम-ब्रे
Travel.	Viajar.	vee-yaa-khar	व्या-खार
Do you have a room?	Tiene un espacio o pieza ?	tee-yen-ey oon es-pa-see-yo o pee-yeh-sa?	ती-येन-ए उन एसपासीयो ओ पीयेसा?
I have a reservation.	Tengo una reservación.	ten-go oo-na ree-sir-vaa-see-yon	तेंगो ऊना रीज़र-वा-सीयोन
Is breakfast included?	El desayuno o esta incluido?	el deh-sah-yu-no es-tah in-clu-ee-do?	एल दे-सा-यूनो एस्ता इन-क्लुई-दो?

Do you need my passport?	Necesita(s) mi pasaporte?	neh-seh-seeta mea paa-sa-por-teh?	नेसेसीता मी पासा- पोरते?
Do you accept photocopies?	Aceptan fotocopias?	acep-tan foto-copy-aas?	एक्सेप्तान फोटो- कोपीयास?
One photo. If you want someone to click your photo.	Un foto, por favor.	oon fo-to, por faabor	उन फोटो, पोर फाबोर
No idea	Ni idea	Nee ee-day-yah	नी इदेयाह
What does __ mean?	Qué significa __?	kay sig-nif-ee-ka?	के सिग्निफ़ि का?
Help me, please.	Ayuda me, por favor.	ayu-dah, por faabor	आज़ुदा में, पोर फाबोर
wifi?	wifi?	vee-fee	वि-फ़ि
What is the password?	¿Cual es la contraseña?	kwal es la con-tra-sen-ya?	क्वाल एस ला कोंत्रा- सेनया?
Do you know (any question)?	Sabe (the question)?	saa-beh ___?	सा-बे __?
tomorrow.	Mañana	mann-yaa-naa	मनयाना
Yesterday	Ayer	ayee-yir	अय्यर
Will wait for you	Te espero	tay es-pero	ते एस्पेरो
to sign.	Firmar	fir-maar	फिरमार
Where can I buy?	Donde puedo comprar?	don-day pueh-push-doh com-pra-aar	दोन्दे पुएदो कोमपरार?

Where is the cash machine?	¿Dónde está el cajero automático?	don-day es-tah el caa-khe-roh auto-maa-tico?	दोन्दे एस्ता एल काखेरो औतोमातिको?
Is it possible ___?	Es posible ___?	es poh-seeb-leh?	एस पोसीबले
Both	Ambos or say los dos.	aam-bos, los dos	आमबोस, लोस दोस्
but	Pero	peh-roh	पेरो
Before.	Antes	aan-tes	आन-तेस
That's very expensive	Es muy caro	es moo-ye caar-roh	एस मूयी कारो
We paid	Pagemos .	paa-gay-mos	पा-गे-मोस
The guide- If you are on a trek, this might be handy.	La guía	la-gee-yaah	ला-गीया
Passport	Pasaporte.	paa-sa-por-teh	पासा-पोरते
Information	Información	in-for-maa-see-yon	इन-फ़ोर-मा-सी-योन
Immediately. In case you are about to miss your bus because the waitress decided to flirt with the waiter and isn't giving you the bill.	Al tiro.	al-teeh-roh	अल-तीरो
This is a slang phrase. It means sure, okay, yeah. It could mean a lot of things and people keep saying claro in between a conversation. It is more like sure.	Claro	klah-roh	क्लारो
Do you need something else? You might be asked this at a departmental store or in a restaurant.	Quieres algún mas?	kych-reh al-goon maas?	कियेरेन आलगुन मास?

Equally. This is a useful phrase. South Americans are very generous in their greetings and they say a lot to you while you leave. Take care, nice to meet you, sweet dreams, I enjoyed the food, et cetera. And if you are still a novice at Spanish, which I am guessing you are as you are reading this article, say igualmente and save yourself and simple big. They would understand that you took an effort to learn an easy word, and make conversation.	Igualme nte	igg-yual- men-teh	इगुआलमेंते
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### Tip 17:

The d in Spanish is pronounced very softly. Again, English doesn't have a similar sound, but Hindi does(द). So to be closer to sound like the South-Americans, speak the d as softly as you can.

### Tip 18:

The ll is neither pronounced as l nor as y in Spanish(unlike a popular belief amongst travelers). Hindi captures the sound of the ll in a single alphabet, but English doesn't have a similar sound. That is why in the English phonetics I have written y in place of ll, for that is the closest I could come to replicating the ll sound with an English alphabet.

## Directions and Addresses. Making your way and getting around.

English	Latin-American Spanish Phrases for Travelers	Pronunciation	Hindi Phonetics
Left	Izquierda	eez-kyeer-dah	इज-कीयरदा
Right	Derecha	day-reh-chah	देरेचा
Straight ahead	Derecho	de-re-cho	देरेचो
Bus station	Estación de bus	es-tah-see-on deh boos	एसतासीयों दे बुस
Train station	Estación de tren	es-tah-see-on deh tren	एसतासीयों दे त्रेन
Airport	Aeropuerto	airo-pwer-toh	ऐरो-पुअर-तो
Entrance	Entrada	en-trah-dah	एन-त्रा-दा

Exit	Salida	sah-lee-dah	सा-ली-दा
here	Aquí	Ah-kee	अकी
there	Allí	ay-ee	अयी
at the corner	En la esquina	en la es-kee-nah	एन ला एस-कीना
in one, two, three blocks	En una, dos, tres cuadra	en oo-naa, dos, tres kwah-dra	एन ऊना, दोस्, त्रेस कुआदरा
Where is ___ street?	la calle ___?	la ka-yeh	ला काय्ये
Where can I get a taxi? Or a bus or micro? The small, local buses are called micros in some countries.	Dónde puedo encontrar un taxi? o un bus o micro?	don-day pueh-doh en-kon-trar un taxi? o un boos o meec-ro?	दोन्दे पुएदो एंकोंत्रार उन तेकसी? ओ उन बूस ओ मीकरो?
Please take me here	Por favor, lléveme a esta direcccion	por faa-bor, yeh-ve-meh a es-tah direk-see-yon	पोर फाबोर, जेवेमे आ एस्ता दिरेक-सीयोन?
Do I have to change buses / planes?	Tengo que cambiar el bús/ avión?	ten-go kay kaam-bee-yar el boos o aa-vee-yon?	तेंगो के काम-बीयार एल बूस ओ आ-वीयोन?
How much does a ticket to ___ cost?	Cuánto cuesta un boleto para ___ ?	koo-aan-to kwes-ta oon bo-le-to pa-ra ___?	कुआंतो कवेस्ता उन बोलेते पारा ___?
nearest	mas cercano	maas sir-kaano	मास सर-कानो

### Tip 19:

Remember the phrase or question "Dónde esta" when it comes to moving around. It means where is, and you would need it often.

### Numbers.

English	Latin-American Spanish Phrases for Travelers	Pronunciation	Hindi Phonetics
1	Unos	oo-nos	उनोस
2	Dos	dos	दोस्

3	tres	treh-es	त्रेस
4	Cuatro	kuat-ro	कुआत्रो
5	Cinco	syn-ko	सिंको
6	Seis	se-eis	सैस
7	Siete	see-yeh-teh	सी-ये-ते
8	Ocho	oh-choh	ओचो
9	Nueve	noo-yeh-veh	नुएवेह
10	Diez	dee-yez	दीएज
20	Veinte	veh-en-tay	वेन्ते
30	treinta	tre-en-tah	त्रेणता
40	Cuarenta	kuah-ran-taah	कुआ-रेनता
50	Cincuenta	syn-koo-en-taah	सिन-कुएन-ता
60	Sesenta	seh-sen-taah	से-सेन-ता
70	Setenta	seh-ten-taah	से-तेन-ता
80	Ochenta	o-chan-taah	ओ-चेन-ता
90	Noventa	no-ven-taah	नो-वेन-ता
100	Cien	see-yen	सि-येन
1000	Mil	meel	मील

## Days of the week.

English	Latin-American Spanish Phrases for Travelers	Pronunciation	Hindi Phonetics
Monday	Lunes	loo-ness	लू-नेस
Tuesday	Martes	mar-tehs	मार-तेस
Wednesday	Miércoles	mee-err-kolless	मि-अर-को-लेस
Thursday	Jueves	hue-ves	हुए-वेस
Friday	Viernes	bee-err-ness	बीयर-नेस
Saturday	Sábado	sah-bah-do	सा-बा-दो
Sunday	Domingo	doh-min-goh	दो-मिन-गो

### Tip 20:

In Spanish, day is *día* (dee-ya), months is *meses* (meh-ses), weeks is *semanas* (seh-maa-nas), and year is *año* (aan-yo).

### Money or La Plata (for Chile, as currency changes as per the country when you travel in Latin America).

English	Latin-American Spanish Phrases for Travelers	Pronunciation	Hindi Phonetics
A thousand Chilean pesos.	Un mil o mil peso	oon-mil o mil pee-soh	उन मिल ओ मिल पीसो
two thousand	dos mil	dos mil	दोस् मिल
And so on and so forth.			

### Tip 21:

As I said above, Spanish and English share a lot of cognates or words with the same roots. And to translate some English words into Spanish, you can attempt a hit and trial method. You will get the intuition of what sample example to use as you speak more. For example, perfect becomes *perfecto* in Spanish, and some other words would have to be changed in the same way (as *perfecto*) to become their Spanish versions. *Direction* becomes *dirección*, and many other words can be suffixed with a *cción* to get their Spanish versions.

### Emergency/Ask for help.

English	Latin-American Spanish Phrases for Travelers	Pronunciation	Hindi Phonetics
Help, please	Ayuda, por favor.	aa-yuh-dah, por faabor	आयुदा, पोर-फाबोर
I have a problem	Tengo una Problema.	ten-go oon-prob-leh-mah	तेंगो उना प्रोब-लेमा
I need a doctor	Necesito un doctor	neh-seh-see-toh uhn dok-tohr	नेसेसितो उन दोकतोर
I don't feel well	No me siento bien / Me siento mal	no meh see-yen-toh bee-y en	नो मैं सिँँतो बियेन



Call the police	Llama a la paolicia	jah-mah ah lah poh-lee-see-ah	जामा आ ला पोलिसीया
Fire	Fuego	phweh-goh	फुएगो
I am lost	Estoy perdido	es-toy per-dee-doh	एस-तौय पर-दीदो

**Tip 22:**

Do you want to surprise Chileans? When they speak to you, say cachai (keh-cha-ee or क-चा-ई) in between conversation. Cachai means you see, you see what I am saying, or do you get it. I can tell you that they would not only be surprised but might just fall in love with you. Such phrases or slang exists in all Latin-American countries, and you would be surprised by the frequency with which Latinos use the slang.



Have I made a mistake in the spellings or pronunciations? Please let me know. Hope this helped.

Thank you for reading. Have a great time in South America.